



# Rating System

Version 2.0 July 2022

# Acknowledgements

This guide has been made possible only through the efforts of many staff members, dedicated volunteers, and leaders in the energy and environment sector from around the world. We extend our deepest gratitude to all who participated in the development of this guide, for their tireless volunteer efforts and constant support:

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A special thank you to Jaime Statter, Ishaq Sulthan, and Keerthana Selvanathan.

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# Abbreviations

AMI	advanced metering infrastructure
ASCE	American Society of Civil Engineers
BAS	building automation system
BIS	Bureau of Indian Standards
CEA	Central Electricity Authority
DES	district energy system
EMS	energy management system
GIS	geographic information system
HVAC	heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
ISO	independent system operator
MAIFI	momentary average interruption frequency index
MED	major event day (defined in IEEE 1366)
NESC	National Electrical Safety Code
REC	renewable energy certificate
RTO	regional transmission operator
SAIDI	system average interruption duration index
SAIFI	system average interruption frequency index
SCADA	supervisory control and data acquisition
SEEC	system energy efficiency coefficient
VAR	volt-ampere reactive

# RR Prerequisite: Reliability Performance Monitoring

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities
- Campuses
- Transit

# INTENT

To ensure data collection, monitoring, and reporting of power interruptions.

# REQUIREMENTS

# All Projects

Install infrastructure and/or develop formal processes to continuously monitor and record interruptions for the complete project distribution network at high, medium, and low voltage levels. Use the standard database structure specified in the PEER Reference Guide to document interruption data for all applicable system voltage levels for at least three months.

# **Cities and Utilities**

Projects without existing monitoring capability must commit to a plan to monitor and record interruptions in the distribution network at the low voltage level within three years and incorporate the necessary infrastructure as part of the project's energy infrastructure improvement plan.

# Campuses

The infrastructure and/or processes must address, at a minimum, interruptions at the building level for all buildings and loads that are centrally operated by the project. Commit to a plan to install automated interruption monitoring within three years.

# Transit

The infrastructure and/or process must address, at minimum, interruptions at traction and non-traction loads operated by the project. In addition, commit to a plan to establish automated infrastructure for interruption monitoring within three years.

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

- Provide a narrative describing the process and/or infrastructure used by the project to monitor interruptions at different voltage levels.
- Provide details of the information classes currently recorded by the project in monitoring interruptions.
- Provide the database structure for monitoring interruptions and recording relevant information. (Projects can provide customized database structure if the minimum requirements are met.)
- Provide at least three months of recorded interruption information from the database.
- Provide a sample reliability monitoring template.

# STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) Guide for Collecting, Categorizing and Utilizing Information Related to Electric Power Distribution Interruption Events – IEEE Standard 1782 – 2014.

# RR Credit: Reliability Performance Assessment

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–6 points)
- Campuses (1–6 points)
- Transit (1–6 points)

# INTENT

To give operators and customers greater transparency on interruption duration and frequency.

# REQUIREMENTS

#### All Projects

Calculate SAIDI and SAIFI based on the interruption data recorded by the project, as specified in IEEE 1366. Report reliability indices for the three most recent years. If data for the full three years are not available, report indices for at least the most recent year, and provide justification for the missing data. At a minimum, projects should have a manual process at the low voltage level to monitor and report SAIDI and SAIFI interruption data.

Points are awarded according to Tables 1 and 2, where the values for duration and frequency of outages are maximums.

Average annual SAIDI performance value (In minutes)		Points
<b>Cities and Utilities</b>	Campuses and Transit	
≤ 164	≤ 49	1
129	18	2
94	1	3

#### Table 1. Points for SAIDI

#### Table 2. Points for SAIFI

Average annual SAIFI performance value (In numbers)		Points
Cities and Utilities	Campuses and Transit	T OILLS
≤ 1.58	≤ 0.6	1
1.16	0.2	2
0.75	0.02	3

# Cities and Utilities

Calculate reliability indices both with and without major event days (MEDs) as specified in IEEE 1366. Commit to disclosing the former in regulatory filings and annual performance reports; use the latter for the PEER submission.

# Campuses

For each year, calculate reliability indices with major event days (MEDs) as specified in IEEE 1366. Calculate the average of these values for scoring purposes.

# Transit

Use methodology described in IEEE 1366 to calculate reliability indices with number of trips scheduled and affected due to power interruption. For each year, calculate reliability indices including Major Event Days (MEDs) as specified in the methodology.

# All Projects

Projects that estimate customer interruption cost, which assess and monetize the economic benefits customers receive from reliability improvement earn 1 additional point for exemplary performance under the Innovation credit category.

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

- Provide a narrative that defines "customer," along with a customer connection map for the project's distribution system.
- Provide interruption data for the three most recent consecutive years with all parameters required for calculating reliability indices.
- Provide calculation methodology for reliability indices
- Provide calculation methodology used for estimating the customer interruption cost (Innovation optional)

# STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) 1366-2012 Guide for Electric Power Distribution Reliability Indices

Interruption Cost Estimator (ICE) Calculator - https://www.icecalculator.com/

# **RR Credit: Momentary Interruption Tracking**

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1 point)
- Campuses (1 point)
- Transit (1 point)

# INTENT

To support effective grid management and identify opportunities to improve reliability by tracking momentary interruptions.

# REQUIREMENTS

# All Projects

# OPTION 1. Reporting of Momentary Interruptions (1 point)

Calculate the project's annual momentary average interruption frequency index (MAIFI) or momentary average interruption event frequency index (MAIFI<sub>E</sub>) as specified in IEEE 1366.

#### OR

# OPTION 2. Monitoring Capability for Momentary Interruptions (1 point)

Have in place infrastructure to monitor the operation of all interrupting devices used in the project's distribution network. Provide data for at least three months.

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

- Provide a narrative that defines "customer," along with a customer connection map for the project's distribution system.
- Provide a narrative explaining how interrupting device operations are integrated with a monitoring and control system, along with operational data for three months.
- Provide a single-line diagram of the project's distribution network, indicating position, characteristics, and identification for switches
- Provide a narrative explaining the methodology and process for calculating MAIFI.

# STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers 1366-2012 Guide for Electric Power Distribution Reliability Indices

# **RR Credit: Damage and Exposure Prevention**

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–6 points)
- Campuses (1–6 points)
- Transit (1–6 points)

# INTENT

To improve project reliability and power quality by protecting infrastructure from common external threats that may damage equipment, cause malfunctions, or interrupt service.

# REQUIREMENTS

#### All Projects

# **OPTION 1. External Damage Prevention (1 point)**

Implement preventive measures to avoid infrastructure damage and/or service interruption from at least four of the following external risks:

- Tree contact
- Animal or bird contact
- Fire or hazardous area
- Weather effects
- Acts of terrorism and vandalism
- Vehicular interference

# AND/OR

# OPTION 2. Power System Hardening (1–3 points)

Have in place the following design considerations and/or infrastructure to harden power systems against flooding, storms, and other extreme events.

- Flooding avoidance (1 point): Implement one of the following strategies to prevent damage to electrical equipment and assets (e.g., substations, diesel generator sets, transformers, OH cables) and ancillary equipment (e.g., pumps, compressors), based on a 100-year flood mark or flood map. Protect stored fuel to meet or exceed the requirements set by the authority having jurisdiction.
  - **Strategy 1**. Build a permanent storm water drainage system to protect critical power assets from inundation.

OR

• **Strategy 2**. Install a standalone pump to pump water from low-lying areas around the electrical systems. The pump should be operable in the absence of power supply.

OR

- **Strategy 3**. Permanently relocate or increase the height of critical power assets in the floodprone area as described in ASCE - Chapter 7, 24 or equivalent.
- **Storm protection (1 point):** Ensure that the outdoor equipment can withstand three-second wind gusts up to 140 mph or equivalent.

• Seismic protection (1 point): Have in place seismic restraint-certified equipment for critical electrical systems and/or install a seismic restraint structural support for critical electrical systems, based on the seismic zone.

#### AND/OR

# OPTION 3. Undergrounding (1–2 points)

Bury electric cables underground or protect them in conduits or underground tunnels. Campus projects should use conduits or cable trays to protect electric cables inside buildings.

Points are awarded based on the percentage of the distribution network protected (calculated based on length), as shown in Table 1.

Network Protected (% of total length)		Points
Cities and Utilities	Campuses and Transit	PUIIIts
≥10	≥ 40	1
30	80	2

**Table 1.** Points for Undergrounding of Distribution Network

Projects that protect more than 50% (cities and utilities) or 90% (campuses and transit) of the distribution network earn 1 additional point for exemplary performance under the Innovation credit category.

#### REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

#### External damage prevention

• Provide site photos, drawings, specifications, or standards documenting the project's preventive measures. List any standards used to guide design and implementation.

# Power system hardening

- Flooding avoidance. Provide documents for the strategies implemented to prevent flood damage to electrical equipment and buildings (e.g., substations, diesel generator sets, transformers, overhead cables), based on the local 100-year flood mark or map.
- **Storm protection.** Provide a narrative describing outdoor equipment design calculations and considerations and/or maintenance policies to protect assets from storm damage.
- **Seismic protection.** Provide documents or specifications showing that critical electrical equipment and structural supports are seismically isolated, based on the local seismic zone.
- **Undergrounding.** Provide a single-line diagram, site plan, calculation, and narrative detailing how the percentage of underground distribution conductors was determined. Include values for the numerator and denominator of the ratio.

# STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE) Chapter 7, 24

Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) National Electrical Code 2011, Seismic protection

Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) 413, Installing Seismic Restraints for Electrical Equipment

International Electrical Safety Code (NESC), C2-2012

International Building Code (IBC) 2015, Chapters 16 and 17

Indian Standard (IS) 875, Practice for Design Loads for Buildings and Structures, Part 3, Wind Loads

Indian Standard (IS) 802- Use of structural steel in overhead transmission line towers-Part 1 Materials, Loads and permissible stresses.

# RR Credit: Distribution Redundancy and Auto Restoration

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–2 points)
- Campuses (1–2 points)
- Transit (1–2 points)

# INTENT

To improve reliability and resilience by ensuring that grid power can be supplied via multiple distribution pathways.

# REQUIREMENTS

# All Projects

Demonstrate the ability to sustain customer power with the use of redundant distribution and automated power restoration in case of an interruption within the project.

Calculate the percentage of circuits protected using the following formula:

% protected = 
$$\frac{1}{2} \left[ \left( \% DRe - \frac{\% DRe}{1 + ANS} \right) + \left( \% AR - \frac{\% AR}{1 + ANAS} \right) \right]$$

Where:

**%DRe** = Percentage of circuits that have distribution redundancy or the percentage of customers connected to circuits with distribution redundancy.

**ANS** = Average number of redundant switches per circuit (i.e., the number of switches on circuits with distribution redundancy divided by the number of circuits with distribution redundancy).

**%AR** = Percentage of circuits that have automated restoration or the percentage of customers connected to circuits with automated restoration.

**ANAS** = Average number of automatically restored switches per circuit (i.e., the number of switches on circuits with automated restoration divided by the number of circuits with automated restoration).

Points are awarded according to Table 1.

**Table 1.** Points for Distribution Redundancy and Auto Restoration

Circuits Protected (%)	Points
≥ 30	1
50	2

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

- Provide a single-line diagram for the complete project.
- Provide a narrative describing how the number of circuits and the number of switches (switches with redundancy and auto restoration capabilities) were determined.

# RR Credit: Alternative Source of Supply

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–5 points)
- Campuses (1–5 points)
- Transit (1–5 points)

# INTENT

To improve reliability and resilience by providing an alternative source of electricity supply and transfer controls.

#### REQUIREMENTS

#### All Projects

# OPTION 1. Alternative Supply (2 points)

Have in place provisions for alternative sources of power supply for:

• at least 40% of the project's total load and 80% of the project's critical load,

OR

• at least 80% of the project's total load and 100% of the project's critical load,

in case the primary power supply fails.

Choose one or more of the following backup power options:

- Alternative (or secondary) feeder from bulk grid
- Generation outside the project boundary (at the neighborhood level)
- Project-owned or project-operated backup power system

Calculate the fraction of the project load, including all critical loads that is protected by backup power supply options. Points are awarded according to Table 1.

Total project load with backup power supply (%)	Total project's critical load with backup power supply (%)	Points
≥ 40	≥ 80	1
≥ 80	100	2

#### Table 1. Points for Alternative Supply

#### AND/OR

# OPTION 2. Transfer Controls (1–3 points)

Demonstrate advanced capability to transfer control from grid-connected mode to complete or partial island mode and back again. Points are awarded according to Table 2.

# **Table 2.** Points for Transfer Controls

Transfer Capability	Points
Automatic and quick transfer	1
Seamless transfer	2
Ride-through	1

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

- Provide single-line diagrams showing how the alternative source of supply is provided to customers. Provide a narrative describing the percentage of the load served by an alternative source of supply.
- Provide a narrative describing the transfer capabilities of the project, along with drawings, control specifications, and user guides.

# **RR Credit: Power Surety and Resilience**

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–5 points)
- Campuses (1–5 points)
- Transit (1-5 points)

# INTENT

To ensure power for critical loads and essential services during emergencies and to support community recovery after catastrophic events and power grid outages.

# REQUIREMENTS

# Cities and Utilities

Identify critical facilities, customers, and feeders that require power supply during widespread outages or disasters (1 point).

Take at least one of the following sequential steps (1–4 points):

- **Step 1.** Identify interruption in critical facilities, loads, or feeders through advanced meters or an outage management system integrated through GIS and SCADA (1 point).
- **Step 2.** Achieve Step 1 and provide priority restoration for identified critical loads in blackouts or brownouts (1 point).
- **Step 3.** Achieve Step 2 and provide backup power for critical and essential loads and facilities (1 point).
- **Step 4.** Achieve Step 3 and provide power supply through a renewable energy system (e.g., solar, wind) that does not depend on external fuel (e.g., gas, diesel) to meet essential services.

# Campuses and Transit

Identify the project's critical loads and essential services (listed in the PEER Reference Guide) that require backup power during widespread outages or disasters and determine their minimum daily runtime requirements (1 point).

Take at least one of the following sequential steps (1–4 points):

- **Step 1.** Equip all project loads with short-term backup power options to enable safe shutdown of the load, process, or other facility (1 point).
- **Step 2.** Achieve Step 1 and demonstrate that the project can supply power to all critical loads for the minimum daily runtime or longer (1 point).
- **Step 3.** Achieve Step 2 and demonstrate that the project has, within the project boundary and/or in the project neighborhood, a long-term power source that can support essential services for the minimum daily runtime for one week or longer (1 point).
- **Step 4**. Achieve Step 3 and have a renewable power generation system (e.g., solar, wind) that does not depend on external fuel (e.g., gas, diesel) to meet essential services (1 point).

The project must have in place a permanent fuel storage facility within the project boundary to support the backup power system or local generation.

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

- List the project's essential services and critical loads, with their minimum daily runtimes.
- For each critical load and essential service, identify the alternative power supply, including type, location, capacity, and minimum daily runtime.
- Provide a narrative describing the energy storage or backup generator duty cycle, with their energy storage capacity (including fuel) and typical energy consumption.

# STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

National Fire Protection Association (2013), NFPA 110: Standard for Emergency and Standby Power Systems

National Fire Protection Association (2013), NFPA 70: National Electrical Code

# **RR Credit: Power Quality Capabilities**

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–5 points)
- Campuses (1–5 points)
- Transit (1-5 points)

# INTENT

To assess and mitigate poor power quality events through detection, prevention, and corrective actions.

# REQUIREMENTS

# All Projects

# **OPTION 1. Power Quality Assessment (1 point)**

Assess the project's existing level of power quality. Demonstrate compliance with the standard power quality audit process (defined in the PEER Reference Guide). The audit should satisfy, at a minimum, the following objectives:

- Assessing power quality
- Identifying locations for permanent power quality monitoring
- Identifying and troubleshooting the causes of poor power quality
- Verifying the performance of corrective measures

# AND/OR

# OPTION 2. Continuous Power Quality Monitoring (1-2 points)

Install permanent, integrated infrastructure to continuously monitor and record power quality at different network locations. The meters must be capable of measuring electric parameters that allow monitoring and detection of at least three power quality events relevant to the project:

- Voltage sag and swell
- Voltage unbalance
- Voltage harmonics
- Current harmonics
- Under voltage and overvoltage

Alternatively, use independent event loggers to detect and record power quality events. The infrastructure must also enable continuous monitoring and recording of true power factor.

# **Cities and Utilities**

Implement permanent power quality monitoring at the substation level (1–2 points). Calculate the score as follows:

$$PQ \ Measurement \ Score = \frac{S_{PQ}}{S_t} \times \frac{EM}{8} \times 100$$

Where:

- S<sub>PQ</sub> = Number of substations with permanent power quality monitoring capability
- S<sub>t</sub> = Number of substations within the project boundary
- EM = Average number of event types monitored (maximum 8)

Points are awarded according to Table 1.

Table 1. Points for Power Quality Monitoring

Power Quality Monitoring Score	Points
≥ 15	1
50	2

# **Campuses and Transit**

Have in place a power quality monitoring program at all points of city or utility connections (1 point).

Extend the program to cover network locations identified in the power quality audit (1 point).

# AND/OR

# OPTION 3. Power Quality Improvement (1-2 points)

# **Cities and Utilities**

Have in place infrastructure for improving voltage profile and reactive power support at the substation or feeder level (1 point).

Implement a volt-VAR control program for the project's distribution network (1 point).

# **Campuses and Transit**

Have in place infrastructure that improves the power factor at all points of common coupling and limits any power quality issues identified in the power quality audit (1 point).

Demonstrate that the project has automated infrastructure and controls to maintain unity power factor and zero harmonic injection at all points of common coupling (1 point).

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

# OPTION 1

• Submit the project's power quality audit report, with a summary of findings and recommendations, and briefly describe how the audit was conducted.

# **OPTION 2**

- Provide documentation (e.g., data sheets and specifications) demonstrating the project's ability to measure power quality events.
- Submit the project's single-line diagram, highlighting the location of power quality monitoring equipment.
- Cities and Utilities only: Provide a narrative describing the power quality monitoring and explaining the selection of the substations to be covered.

#### **OPTION 3**

- Submit a narrative describing the infrastructure for improving power quality at the project's common coupling and at different locations in distribution network, based on the power quality audit report.
- Submit the project's single-line diagram, highlighting the location of infrastructure used for improving power quality.
- Provide a narrative describing the controls and operations of automated infrastructure used for improving power quality.
- Cities and Utilities only: Provide a narrative describing the infrastructure for improving the power quality at the substation or feeder level and in the distribution network.

# STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

IEEE 519–2014, Recommended Practice and Requirements for Harmonic Control in Electric Power Systems

IEEE 1159, Recommended Practice for Monitoring Electric Power Quality

IEEE 1346, Recommended Practice for Evaluating Electric Power System Compatibility with Electronic Process Equipment

European Quality Standard EN 50160, Voltage Characteristics of Public Distribution Systems

# EE Prerequisite: Environmental Performance Disclosure

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities
- Campuses
- Transit

# INTENT

To measure the decarbonization impact and environmental consequences of power generation, transmission, and distribution.

#### REQUIREMENTS

#### All Projects

Evaluate the environmental impact of electricity consumption, using the PEER EE Index and the following formulae:

 $EE Index = SEI_{score} + CO_2I_{score} + NOxI_{score} + SO_2I_{score} + WaterI_{score} + WasteI_{score}$ 

Overall performance metrics are the sum of the SEI,  $CO_2$ ,  $NO_x$ ,  $SO_2$ , water intensity, and waste intensity for each generation source:

$$\begin{split} SEI_{overall} &= \sum_{i} \varepsilon_{i} \times SEI_{i} \times (1 + TDL_{i}) \\ CO_{2}I_{overall} &= \sum_{i} \varepsilon_{i} \times CO2I_{i} \times (1 + TDL_{i}) \\ NO_{x}I_{overall} &= \sum_{i} \varepsilon_{i} \times NOxI_{i} \times (1 + TDL_{i}) \\ SO_{2}I_{overall} &= \sum_{i} \varepsilon_{i} \times SO2_{Ii} \times (1 + TDL_{i}) \\ WaterI_{overall} &= \sum_{i} \varepsilon_{i} \times WaterI_{i} \times (1 + TDL_{i}) \\ WasteI_{overall} &= \sum_{i} \varepsilon_{i} \times WaterI_{i} \times (1 + TDL_{i}) \end{split}$$

Where:

**TDL**<sub>i</sub> = Transmission and distribution losses (%) for generation source *i* (equals 0 for local generation)

$$\varepsilon_{i} = \frac{Generation \ delivered \ to \ site \ (MWh_{i})}{Total \ generation \ delivered \ to \ site \ (MWh)}$$

$$SEI_{i} = \frac{(Nonrenewable \ energy \ consumed \ (MMBtu_{i}) - Recovered \ thermal \ energy \ (MMBTu_{i})}{Generation \ delivered \ to \ site \ (MWh_{i})}$$

$$CO_{2e}I_i = \frac{Carbon\ dioxide\ equivalent\ emissions\ (lb_i)\ imes\ Methane\ leakage\ multiplier_i}{Generation\ delivered\ to\ site\ (MWh_i)}$$

$$NO_{x}I_{i} = \frac{Nitrogen \ oxide \ emissions \ (lb_{i})}{Generation \ delivered \ to \ site \ (MWh_{i})}$$

$$SO_{2}I_{i} = \frac{Sulfur \ dioxide \ emissions \ (lb_{i})}{Generation \ delivered \ to \ site \ (MWh_{i})}$$

$$WaterI_{i} = \frac{Water \ consumption \ (gal_{i})}{Generation \ delivered \ to \ site \ (MWh_{i})}$$

$$WasteI_{i} = \frac{Solid \ waste \ recycled \ (\ tons_{i} \ )}{Solid \ waste \ generated_{i}}$$

 $Wastel_i = 0$  for nuclear and biomass, for rest of the fuel types please refer to the reference guide (or) EE Index calculator.

Table 1. Methar	ne Leakage	Multipliers
-----------------	------------	-------------

Fuel	Multiplier
Coal	1.037
Natural gas	1.130
All other fuel types	1.000

Sum the EE index scores corresponding to the values shown in Table 2. The first five metrics in Table 2 are maximums: the project's value must not exceed the listed figure. The "waste recycled" metric, however, is a threshold: the project's value must equal or exceed the listed figure.

SEI	CO2	NO <sub>x</sub>	SO <sub>2</sub>	Water use	Waste recycled	EE index score
< 13.0	< 2300	< 5.00	< 10.0	< 700	≥ 30	1
12.6	2232	4.65	7.5	674	37	2
12.2	2165	4.30	5.0	647	43	3
11.7	2097	3.95	2.5	621	50	4
11.3	2030	3.60	0.0	595	57	5
10.9	1962	3.25		568	63	6
10.5	1894	2.90		542	70	7
10.1	1827	2.55		516	77	8
9.6	1759	2.20		489	83	9
9.2	1692	1.85		463	90	10
8.8	1624	1.50		437		11
8.4	1557	1.15		411		12
7.9	1489	0.80		384		13
7.5	1421	0.45		358		14
7.1	1354	0.1		332		15
6.7	1286			305		16
6.3	1219			279		17
5.8	1151			253		18

 Table 2.
 PEER EE Index Values

5.4	1083		226	19
5.0	1016		200	20
	948			21
	881			22
	813			23
	746			24
	678			25
	610			26
	543			27
	475			28
	408			29
	340			30

Additionally, establish a public disclosure policy to publish the results of environmental impact evaluations in the project's annual performance and/or sustainability reports.

Projects that own or operate local or backup generation sources must meet following requirements:

- Have in place a process to record fuel consumption, water consumption, and energy output data for all local and backup generation units.
- Have in place a policy to verify the emissions performance of local and backup generation units through third-party testing at least once every three years.
- Demonstrate compliance with regional environmental regulations applicable to the local and backup generation units, including emissions, waste handling and disposal, water consumption, and land use.

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

- Provide measurements, data sheets, and calculations for the EE index calculator inputs. Include details on any conversion factors (e.g., heating values, densities) used in the calculations.
- Submit the completed EE index calculator.

# STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Emissions and Generation Resource Integrated Database (eGRID), 2014.

# EE Prerequisite: System Energy Efficiency Coefficient Disclosure

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities
- Campuses
- Transit

# INTENT

To quantify the energy system's conversion efficiency.

# REQUIREMENTS

#### All Projects

Calculate the project's system energy efficiency coefficient (SEEC), benchmark SEEC, and percentage improvement above the benchmark based on the project's nonrenewable energy sources, using the following formula:

SEEC improvement % = 
$$\frac{SEEC}{Benchmark SEEC}$$
 - 1

Where:

$$SEEC = \frac{Energy \ delivered \ to \ customers \ (MMBtu)}{Source \ energy \ consumed \ by \ project \ (MMBtu)}$$

Total energy delivered to customers (MMBtu) = CL + HL + EL

CL = Annual cooling load delivered to all customers (MMBtu)

Convert tons of cooling to MMBtu using a conversion factor of 0.012 (MMBtu/ton-hr)

HL = Annual heating load delivered to all customers (MMBtu)

EL = Annual electric load delivered to all customers (MMBtu)

Convert MWh of electricity to MMBtu using a conversion factor of 3.412 (MMBtu/MWh)

$$Benchmark SEEC = \frac{Energy \ delivered \ to \ customers \ (MMBtu)}{Benchmark \ energy \ delivered \ to \ project \ (MMBtu)}$$

Additionally, establish a public disclosure policy to publish the results of SEEC evaluations in the project's annual performance and/or sustainability reports.

Projects that own or operate local generation units (including backup generation) must have in place formal processes and/or infrastructure to enable periodic monitoring of the energy system conversion performance of electricity generation, cooling units, and heating units.

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

- The annual amount of electricity purchased from off-site suppliers.
- Develop a narrative with supporting calculations and references. The narrative must include details of annual customer cooling, heating, and electric loads based on energy delivered to metered customers or buildings. Do not include the project load, which is the sum of the customer load plus the electricity needed for generating chilled water, hot water, or steam.
- Submit the completed SEEC calculator.

# EE Credit: Environmental Performance Improvement

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–10 points)
- Campuses (1–10 points)
- Transit (1-10 points)

# INTENT

To reduce the carbon and other environmental consequences of energy generation, transmission, and distribution by improving source energy, air emissions, water use, and solid waste performance.

#### REQUIREMENTS

#### All Projects

Evaluate the project's energy efficiency performance based on the PEER EE index score achieved in the prerequisite. Points are awarded according to Table 1.

EE Index	Points
≥ 30	1
40	2
50	3
60	4
70	5

 Table 1. Points for PEER EE Index Score

Projects with an EE index score greater than the benchmark may earn up to 5 points based on following formula:

Additional PEER points = 
$$5\left[1 - \frac{(EE \text{ index} - 100)^2}{(Benchmark - 100)^2}\right]$$

Benchmark EE values for the United States are given in Table 2. For projects in India, contact the PEER team.

State	Benchmark
Alabama	68
Alaska	55
Arizona	57
Arkansas	58
California	80
Colorado	61
Connecticut	73
District of Columbia	54
Delaware	62
Florida	74
Georgia	61
Hawaii	47

Idaho	62
Illinois	49
Indiana	42
lowa	68
Kansas	63
Kentucky	49
Louisiana	68
Maine	62
Maryland	53
Massachusetts	70
Michigan	59
Minnesota	49
Mississippi	76
Missouri	49
Montana	53
Nebraska	57
Nevada	63
New Hampshire	60
New Jersey	68
New Mexico	62
New York	67
North Carolina	64
North Dakota	59
Ohio	47
Oklahoma	76
Oregon	59
Pennsylvania	63
Rhode Island	80
South Carolina	54
South Dakota	66
Tennessee	63
Texas	73
Utah	54
Vermont	54
Virginia	71
Washington	59
West Virginia	44
Wisconsin	53
Wyoming	45

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

See the documentation requirements under EE Prerequisite: Environmental Performance Disclosure.

# STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Emissions and Generation Resource Integrated Database (eGRID), 2018.

# EE Credit: System Energy Efficiency Coefficient Improvement

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–3 points)
- Campuses (1–3 points)
- Transit (1-3 points)

# INTENT

To reduce carbon impact, fossil fuel consumption and encourage investments that capture waste energy, improve efficiency, and lower operating costs.

# REQUIREMENTS

#### All Projects

Evaluate the project's SEEC performance based on the SEEC improvement percentage achieved in the prerequisite. Points are awarded according to the thresholds listed in Table 1.

Cities and Utilities		Campuses and Transit	
SEEC Improvement (%)	Points	SEEC Improvement (%)	Points
≥10	1	≥ 5	1
15	2	10	2
20	3	15	3

Table 1. Points for SEEC Improvement

Projects whose SEEC improvement exceeds 30% (cities and utilities) or 20% (campuses and transit) earn 1 additional point for exemplary performance under the Innovation credit category.

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

See the documentation requirements under EE Prerequisite: System Energy Efficiency Coefficient Disclosure.

# EE Credit: Renewable Energy and Carbon Offsets

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–4 points)
- Campuses (1–4 points)
- Transit (1-4 points)

# INTENT

To reduce carbon, greenhouse gas emissions by encouraging development and adoption of renewable energy technologies at a large scale.

# REQUIREMENTS

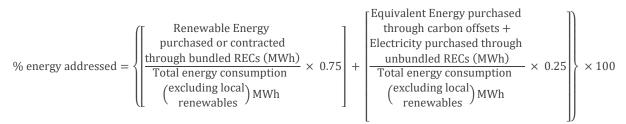
# All Projects

Purchase bundled and/or unbundled renewable energy, renewable energy certificates (RECs), and/or carbon offsets to mitigate the environmental impacts of project energy consumption.

Contract for qualified resources that have come online since January 1, 2015, for a minimum of five years, to be delivered at least annually.

Renewable Energy, Bundled and/or Unbundled RECs must be Green-e Energy certified or the equivalent. Carbon offsets may be used to mitigate emissions on a metric ton of carbon dioxide—equivalent basis and must be Green-e Climate certified or the equivalent. Carbon offsets must be purchased from recognized greenhouse gas emission reduction projects within the country where the project is located.

Determine the percentage of energy consumption addressed by renewable energy, bundled and/or unbundled RECs, and/or carbon offsets. Calculate the percentage as follows:



Calculate the energy purchased through bundled and/or unbundled RECs as follows:

Energy purchased through bundled and/or unbundled RECs = RECs purchased \* Energy equivalent to 1 REC

Points are awarded according to Table 1.

Renewable		
Cities and Utilities	Points	
> 10	> 20	1
20	40	2
30	60	3
50	80	4

 Table 1. Points for Renewable Energy

# ALTERNATIVE COMPLIANCE PATH

Projects in India may purchase RECs sold on power exchanges that operate REC trading with approval from the India Central Electricity Regulatory Commission. Both solar and non-solar energy are eligible renewable sources for this credit.

#### REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

- Submit copies of contracts.
- Provide the renewable energy percentage calculation details and an explanatory narrative.
- If the project is counting Green-e equivalent products toward the renewable energy percentage, provide documentation to justify the equivalency.

# EE Credit: Distributed Energy Resources

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–6 points)
- Campuses (1–5 points)
- Transit (1-8 points)

# INTENT

To increase decarbonization, reduce environmental impacts and minimize losses associated with energy transmission by promoting local renewable generation, distributed generation, energy storage, and district energy systems.

# REQUIREMENTS

# All Projects

# OPTION 1. Local Renewables and Clean Generation (1-2 points)

Determine the percentage of the project's total electrical load served by local renewables and/or clean generation technologies, as follows:

$$Local generation \% = \frac{Local renewable (MWh) + Local clean generation (MWh)}{Project load (MWh)} \times 100$$

Points are awarded according to Table 1 and Table 2

Table 1. Points for local renewable and clean generation – campuses, cities and utilities

Local Renewable	Points	
Campuses	Campuses Cities and Utilities	
≥ 10	≥3	1
30	5	2

Table 2. Points for local renewable and clean generation – transit

Local Renewable & Clean Generation % for Transit	Points for Non- traction load	Points for Traction load
≥ 10	1	1
30	2	2

# AND/OR

**OPTION 2. Local Energy Storage** 

# Campuses, Cities and Utilities (1 point)

Have in place at least one of the following technologies that support the project's energy requirement:

- Mechanical
- Thermal
- Chemical energy storage

Only central storage systems are eligible to achieve points under this option.

# Transit (up to 2 points)

Meet the below requirements (1 point each)

- Equip at least 10% of the active rolling stock with on-board energy storage systems.
- Have in place way-side or stationary energy storage system integrated with project's electrical system.

# AND/OR

# OPTION 3. Prosumers (Cities and Utilities only, 1 point)

Generate at least 2 MW from renewable energy within the project boundary that is owned and operated by customers.

# AND/OR

# OPTION 4. District Energy System (Cities and Utilities and Campuses only, 1–2 points)

Have in place a district energy system (DES) or be connected to a DES. For the purposes of this credit, a DES is a heating and/or cooling system that produces steam, hot water, and/or chilled water in a centralized plant using cogeneration or trigeneration and distributes this energy to multiple buildings. Determine the percentage of the project's electric, cooling, and/or heating loads serviced by the DES using the following formula:

% district energy = 
$$H_{DES} + C_{DES} + E_{DES}$$

Where:

%H<sub>DES</sub> = Percentage of project heating load supplied by DES

**%C**<sub>DES</sub> = Percentage of project cooling load supplied by DES

%E<sub>DES</sub> = Percentage of project electric load supplied by DES

Calculate points based on the percentage of the project load supplied by a DES, as shown in Table 2.

Table 3. Points for District Energy Systems

DES energy (%)	Points
≥ 80	1
160	2

# AND/OR

# Option 5. Regenerative Braking System (Transit only, 2 points)

Equip at least 50% of the rolling stock with regenerative braking system with at least one of the following capabilities – (for 2 points)

• Ability to inject excess power generated during braking into the main distribution system. **OR** 

• Ability to transfer excess power generated during braking to an on-board energy storage device in isolation.

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

# All Projects

• List each local renewable generation source and its annual generation, as outlined in Table 4, then calculate the percentage of the project's electricity from local renewable generation.

TABLE 4. Template for determining percentage of renewable generation	
Renewable generation source	MWh
Solar	
Other generation sources	
Total renewable	
Gross generation	
Renewable generation percentage	

- Provide a narrative describing the size and type of local energy storage and how it is used for improving efficiency and minimizing transmission and distribution losses.
- Submit documentation of the district energy system and a calculation of the percentage of heating and cooling loads served by the system.

# Cities and Utilities

• Submit a document with total on-grid renewable energy available from customers.

# Transit

- Submit technical specifications of the rolling stock and give the percentage of active rolling stock equipped with a regenerative braking system.
- Provide a narrative indicating how the excess power generated by regenerative braking is used.

# EE Credit: Environmental Impact Disclosure and Management

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–3 points)
- Campuses (1–3 points)
- Transit (1–3 points)

# INTENT

To reduce the effects of project construction and operation on site biodiversity, land use, and noise levels.

# REQUIREMENTS

# All Projects

Implement policies and programs to reduce or prevent harm to the local environment, including trees, wildlife, and wildlife habitat. In addition, project shall track and record the following information and make a commitment to its disclosure:

- Trees cut or trimmed, and wildlife disturbed for project construction and operation (1 point).
- Area (m2) and type of land (e.g., agricultural, brownfield) used for project systems (1 point).
- Noise levels emitted by generation assets, overhead cables, substations, and switchyards (1 point).

To achieve the above 1 point on noise levels, project must additionally address the following:

- Determine the maximum acceptable noise level at the project's property line.
- Conduct screening measurements, then refine measurements to determine the loudest location on the property line using slow time response.
- Conduct measurements with IEC 60651 Type 1, IEC 61672 Class 1, ANSI S1.4-Type 1 sound level meter or equivalent.
- Identify strategies to reduce noise to acceptable levels.

# ALTERNATIVE COMPLIANCE PATH

For projects in India, comply with CPCB Protocol for Ambient Level Noise Monitoring.

# **All Projects**

Projects that support the growth of pollinator population by adopting at least one of the following strategies earn 1 additional point for exemplary performance under the Innovation credit category:

- Meet the requirements in LEED BD+C: New Construction LEED v4.1, Sustainable Sites Protect or Restore Habitat.
- Obtain Pollinator Habitat Certification from a national or local organization.
- Follow USDA guidance to provide habitat to help pollinators rebound from the challenges they face.

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

# All Projects

- Submit copies of tree trimming and/or animal protection policies, along with signed purchase orders or work orders indicating the tree trimming schedule.
- Provide data that track interruptions caused by animal interference and falling trees and limbs.

#### Campuses and Transit

- Provide a narrative or site plan highlighting the project's energy infrastructure assets, with location, capacity, and land-use type.
- Submit data on the noise levels of energy infrastructure assets, using prescribed standards and sound meters.
- Provide a narrative describing any mitigation strategies undertaken to comply with local ambient noise level limits.

# STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

Bureau of Indian Standards (2004), BIS 14001–2004

International Organization for Standardization (2004), ISO 14001–2004

# OP Prerequisite: Triple-Bottom-Line Analysis

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities
- Campuses
- Transit

# INTENT

To quantify the triple-bottom-line benefits associated with high performance and assess opportunities for future improvements.

# REQUIREMENTS

# All Projects

Quantify potential benefits from improving the project's performance and identify financially viable investment opportunities as follows:

- Identify systems that have contributed to improving performance as defined under PEER or as determined by the project owner or operator. Assess at least three of the following systems:
  - On-site generation and storage systems
  - Fault location, isolation, and service restoration systems
  - o Power quality improvement systems
  - Monitoring and control systems
  - Asset maintenance systems
  - Energy metering systems
  - Demand-side management systems
- Identify all the relevant capabilities enabled by each system and determine expected or measured performance of the project under following scenarios:
  - *Baseline:* performance of the project with no additional systems.
  - o *Improved:* performance of the project with each system chosen for assessment.
  - Upper limit: performance of the project with all chosen systems combined.
- For each scenario, model project performance as a function of project and system characteristics, operational parameters, and external factors. Include the following outcomes in the analysis:
  - o Economic impact
  - o Environmental impact
  - o Social impact
- Determine the incremental value achieved by the project in the Current scenario compared with the Baseline scenario.
- Estimate the benefits (opportunity cost) associated in the Upper Limit scenario compared with the Current scenario.

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

- Provide a narrative describing the systems considered for triple-bottom-line analysis, along with their capabilities and the corresponding various scenarios.
- Submit calculations of the value of the benefits accrued by the project.
- Provide documentation to support various assumptions and values considered for analysis.

# **OP Credit: Risk Assessment and Mitigation**

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–4 points)
- Campuses (1–4 points)
- Transit (1–4 points)

# INTENT

To evaluate and reduce risks to the project and its functions.

# REQUIREMENTS

# All Projects

Conduct a comprehensive risk assessment for critical assets within the project boundary, using the risk matrix approach described in the PEER Reference Guide.

Develop a matrix for risk events with following dimensions, each with at least five classes:

- Probability or frequency of occurrence (rare, unlikely, possible, likely, almost certain)
- Severity (very low, low, medium, high, very high)

Conduct a risk assessment of at least four risk events for each of the following subsystems, including their individual assets. The selected four risk events should include at least two high or very high probability events and at least one high or very high impact events. [The project can select the 4th risk event at their discretion]:

- Main substations or switchyards
- Distribution substations or switchyards
- Distribution transformers
- Overhead distribution lines
- Underground power cables
- Local generation
- Energy storage systems
- Communication and control infrastructure
- Backup power supply
- Metering Infrastructure

Risk events identified may be categorized as:

- Natural Hazards
- Human-caused Events Facility Risks
- Technology-caused Events
- Departmental Risks

Evaluate each of the chosen risks across at least two of the following criteria:

- Financial
- Environmental

- Safety
- Quality of service

Points are awarded according to Table 1.

**Table 1.** Points for Risk Assessment

Assessment	Points
> 4 risk events, 2 criteria	1
> 6 risk events, 3 criteria	2

Prioritize the assessed risks for all subsystems and their assets (1 point).

Develop mitigation strategies for all identified and prioritized risks (1 point).

Projects that complete comprehensive risk assessments for eight risk events across four criteria earn 1 additional point for exemplary performance under the Innovation credit category.

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

- Provide a narrative explaining how the project team identified hazards for all subsystems, and submit information collected on causes and effects.
- Provide a narrative describing considerations for developing the risk matrix and the specifications for assessment scales.
- Submit documentation for the risk characteristics identified for all the applicable subsystems and impact criteria.
- Provide details of the mitigation strategies identified for risk events.

# STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 1600 - 2019: Standard on Continuity, Emergency, and Crisis Management

Central Electricity Authority (CEA) (Grid Standards) Regulations, 2010

# **OP Credit: Emergency Response Planning**

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–3 points)
- Campuses (1–3 points)
- Transit (1–3 points)

# INTENT

To ensure that the project can respond to emergency situations during power interruptions.

#### REQUIREMENTS

#### All Projects

Prepare an emergency response plan written specifically for the project or the project's customers, addressing both short-term and extended power interruptions. Incorporate at least the first five of the following strategies:

- 1. Create operating procedures, including instructions to start generators and placement of power switches for restoring power during a grid interruption and power restoration.
- 2. Develop a load priority list describing the order and priority in which power to loads or circuits should be restored after a power interruption.
- 3. Perform and provide proof of risk assessment performed and its association with emergency response plan (see OP Credit Risk Assessment and Mitigation)
- 4. Establish plans and/or procedures for conducting emergency drills and training for the personnel responsible to restore power during power interruption and for the personnel responsible for operating the project's command and control centers during power interruptions.
- 5. Equip the project grid with at least two forms of pre-arranged backup communications for internal use and external communication.
- 6. Provide backup power for the project's command and control to be used during emergencies.
- 7. Perform a needs assessment to determine the capacity of backup power and stored energy or fuel required for each critical load and essential service.
- 8. Create plans for managing traffic during power interruptions.

Points are awarded according to Table 1.

Strategies	Points
≥ 5	1
≥ 6	2
8	3

Table 1. Points for Emergency Response Strategies

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

• Submit a narrative emergency response plan that addresses the strategies given in the requirements, including emergency preparedness, training log sheets documenting employee and

community training, and any log sheets documenting the practice of drills. Where possible, include documentation of any standards used to guide the development of the emergency response plan.

• If security concerns prevent submission of a complete emergency plan, provide the plan's title page and table of contents along with a narrative describing how the plan addresses each element. The complete emergency plan should be available for confidential review at the project office upon request.

#### STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

National Fire Protection Association 1600: Standard on Disaster, Emergency Management and Business Continuity Programs, 2019 edition

CEA (Grid Standards) Regulation 2010 and State Disaster Management Plan (India)

# **OP Credit: Safety Review Process**

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–2 points)
- Campuses (1–2 points)
- Transit (1–2 points)

# INTENT

To ensure that the distribution and generation systems are built and operated safely.

# REQUIREMENTS

#### All Projects

Comply with safety code requirements for any design or operational changes as described by the authority having jurisdiction or NESC C2-2012. Develop and implement at least two of the following strategies:

- Have in place a program equivalent to OSHA for investigating accidents involving project staff and members of the public. The reports must document the cause of any accident and identify solutions to prevent its recurrence.
- Establish a safety program following CFR 1910 or local equivalent where all procedures that apply to project are followed and documented i.e. LOTO, Confined Space, and Electrical safety.
- A policy to hold safety review meetings for significant design or operational changes and new product rollouts.
- Procedures for incorporating safety review results into design standards and/or operating documents (e.g., procedures, manuals, diagrams) for safely installing and operating local generation and electric system assets.

Points are awarded according to Table 1.

**Table 1.** Points for Safety Review Process

Strategies	Points
≥ 2	1
4	2

# ALTERNATIVE COMPLIANCE PATH

For projects in India, comply with National Electrical Code 2011.

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

- Submit documentation of processes and procedures for identifying, tracking, and preventing injuries and deaths from interactions with project generation and distribution equipment or systems.
- Provide documentation of safety review processes or a narrative describing processes and procedures for performing safety risk analysis, holding safety review meetings, and incorporating changes into design standards and/or operating documents.

# STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

OSHA Laws and Regulations (Standards - 29 CFR) Part 1910 – Occupational Safety and Health Standards

Central Electricity Authority (CEA) (Grid Standards) Regulations, 2019

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 1600 - 2019: Standard on Continuity, Emergency, and Crisis Management

National Policy Safety, Health and Environment at Workplace – Ministry of Labor and Employment, Government of India

EU Strategic Framework on Health and Safety at Work 2014-2020

NESC–2012, National Electrical Safety Code CS–2012

NFPA 70, National Electrical Code

NFPA 70 E, Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace

# **OP Credit: Operational Processes**

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–3 points)
- Campuses (1–3 points)
- Transit (1–3 points)

# INTENT

To reduce operating costs by implementing continual improvement processes.

# REQUIREMENTS

# All Projects

Have in place preventive maintenance and condition-monitoring programs for critical project assets. Adopt processes to identify failure trends and causes to improve the effectiveness of corrective actions.

# OPTION 1. Maintenance Optimization (1-2 points)

Implement at least two (1 point) or three (2 points) of the following:

- Preventive maintenance program for all critical assets.
- Condition-monitoring program for all critical assets.
- Life-cycle cost approach for selecting equipment and assets with regular maintenance requirements.

#### AND/OR

# OPTION 2. Failure Identification and Reduction (1 point)

Implement a formal process for identifying and reducing process failures that includes the following features (1 point):

- Failure tracking and trending
- Failure cause analysis
- Tracking of corrective actions for all failures

# **REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION**

#### Maintenance Optimization

- Submit documentation showing that the following standard processes for identifying waste are in place:
  - o Preventive maintenance
  - Condition monitoring (predictive maintenance)
  - Life-cycle cost approach to major equipment purchases
- Provide documentation of the tracking system used to assess costs and identify waste.

# Failure Identification and Elimination Process

- Submit copies of policies, processes, reports, failure records, and procedures that address failure trends, root cause analysis, and corrective actions.
- Provide a brief description of any software used to track failures.

# **OP Credit: Advanced Metering Infrastructure**

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–3 points)
- Campuses (1–3 points)
- Transit (1–3 points)

# INTENT

To enhance grid performance and customers' ability to manage their energy use through smart grid infrastructure.

# REQUIREMENTS

#### Cities and Utilities

# OPTION 1. Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) (1-2 points)

Have advanced meters in place for at least 5% of customers. Commit to achieving a higher percentage of AMI and incorporate the goal as part of the energy infrastructure improvement plan.

The AMI must be permanently installed and have the following capabilities and features:

- Ability to record data at intervals of one hour or less and transmit data to a remote location
- Ability to record both consumption and demand
- Ability to detect power interruptions and provide active notification
- Ability to store all meter data for at least 36 months
- Bidirectional communication between cities and customers or utilities and customers
- Compatibility with net metering arrangements
- Ability to measure power factor and monitor at least two types of power quality events

Points are awarded according to Table 1.

**Table 1.** Points for Advanced Metering Infrastructure

Customers with AMI (%)	Points
≥ 5	1
40	2

# AND/OR

# OPTION 2. Selection Process for Future Rollout (1 point)

Determine the project's metering needs and identify for future installation AMI with the following capabilities and features:

- Bidirectional communication and ability to receive signals from the operator
- Power interruption detection and alarm
- Data collection rate
- Safety, of both the meter and its installation

- Meter accuracy and accuracy limits
- Wireless versus hard-wired communications to the city or utility operator interface and to the customer
- Access to real-time consumption data and price data
- Interface usability
- Net metering
- Local versus centralized interval data storage options
- Sampling rates

#### **Campuses and Transit**

Equip all points of city or utility connection with permanently installed advanced meters and data collection systems that can store all metered data for at least 36 months. Additionally, individual buildings with more than 100 kVA load must have a metering system. The meters must have the following capabilities and features (1 point):

- Bidirectional communication
- Ability to measure at least two types of power quality events (e.g., voltage sag and swell, voltage and current harmonics)
- Ability to record data at intervals of one hour or less and transmit data to a remote location
- Ability to record both energy consumption and energy demand
- Ability to detect power interruptions and provide notification
- Compatibility with net metering arrangements

Additional points are awarded according to Table 2.

# Table 2. Points for Advanced Energy Metering

Project loads or buildings with advanced metering (%)	Points
≥ 40	1
80	2

# All Projects

Metering loads beyond electrical loads is important to understand and optimize building operations. Projects which have metering devices with the below listed capabilities to measure their volumetric and thermal loads such as chilled or hot water, steam and natural gas, earn 1 additional point for exemplary performance under the Innovation credit category:

- Ability to record data at intervals of one hour or less and transmit data to a remote location.
- Ability to record both consumption and demand.
- Ability to store all meter data.

# **REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION**

#### Cities and Utilities

- List the brands and model numbers of installed smart meters, with the percentage of customers served by each type of meter. Confirm that the advanced meters have the minimum capabilities listed in the requirements.
- Submit copies of the technical specifications for each brand and model number of meter, showing data collection rates and storage, communications capabilities, net metering capabilities, and monitoring of power quality events and power demand (e.g., power interruption, voltage sag, power factor, voltage harmonics).
- For Option 2, prepare and submit a future roll-out plan to identify customers' metering needs, with the capabilities listed in the requirements.

# Campuses and Transit

- List the brands and model numbers of installed smart meters for loads greater than 100 kVA. Confirm that the advanced meters have the minimum capabilities listed in the requirements.
- Submit copies of the technical specifications for each brand and model number, showing data collection rates and storage, bidirectional communications capabilities, net metering capabilities, and monitoring of power quality events and power demand (e.g., power interruption, voltage sag, power factor, and voltage harmonics) and net metering capabilities.

# **OP Credit: Master Controller**

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–3 points)
- Campuses (1–3 points)
- Transit (1–3 points)

# INTENT

To promote adaptability through operational changes that optimize the electricity system in real time.

# REQUIREMENTS

# All Projects

Install a master controller or control system that automatically interfaces with local control systems within the project boundary.

Demonstrate the following capabilities (1 point):

- Ability to remotely start and stop local generation.
- Ability to remotely control loads in more than one building, either directly or by communication with other controllers, such as the project's building controllers.

Additionally, adopt at least three (1 point) or all (2 points) of the following advanced capabilities:

- Ability to control loads and local generation to maintain specified levels of demand for demand response events, to respond to local demand reduction needs (such as by limiting the project's demand), and to respond to dynamic prices.
- Ability to automatically detect threats to the project's electrical system and take action to mitigate such threats.
- Ability to operate under loss of both primary power, and primary communication used by the master controller (or otherwise eliminate common-cause failure modes).
- Ability to use analytics to detect such problems as poor power quality, low voltage, and impending equipment failures, and to notify operators.
- Ability to generate and/or use third-party forecasted data to improve operational decisions.
- Ability to operate in at least three of the following modes:
  - Grid connect optimization mode. The master controller optimizes the project's costs, efficiency, and/or emissions by controlling loads and local generation.
  - Safe mode. The master controller overrides the optimization functions under the grid connect mode and manages the project's electrical system to stabilize the project's grid. Generating assets are started, prepared to start, or operated to stabilize the grid in case grid conditions deteriorate. The project can be grid connected and does not need to be operated as an island.
  - Demand response mode. This mode is similar to the grid connect mode except that loads and generation are operated to meet the requirements of an ISO, city or utility demand response program.

- Unplanned island mode. The master controller rapidly (within 1 minute) sheds load and starts generation to switch the project from grid connect to island mode.
- Planned island mode. In response to threats to the power grid, the controller can either start generators and switch to island mode or prepare to start the generators and quickly enter island mode if the bulk power grid is interrupted.

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

- Submit documentation indicating that the master controller has the minimum capabilities listed in the requirements. Include specifications and data sheets for major components of the master controller.
- Provide a narrative explaining how the components fit into the overall design of the master controller.

# **OP Credit: Communications Network and Information Processing**

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–2 points)
- Campuses (1–2 points)
- Transit (1–2 points)

# INTENT

To promote power reliability and quality through advanced communication, data collection, monitoring, and control infrastructure.

# REQUIREMENTS

# All Projects

Install communications infrastructure connected to all major assets of the project using operational technology (OT) hardware and software that detects or causes a change through the direct monitoring and/or control of physical devices, processes and events in the enterprise, monitors and manages assets and equipment with a future implementation plan and schedule to address cybersecurity protection measures in accordance with the referenced standards (1 point).

Install a data acquisition and control system that performs the following functions (1 point):

- Monitoring and recording of project load data
- Monitoring and recording of equipment fault data
- Display of information for project operators and notification of faults
- For district energy or central plant heating and cooling, monitoring, and recording of heating and cooling data
- For central plant local generation, monitoring and recording of the generator output
- For a smart distribution system, monitoring and recording of switch and fault status
- Full implementation of cybersecurity protection measures in accordance with the referenced standards

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

- List the major assets connected to the communications network and provide a narrative describing the communication protocols used for transmitting data.
- Submit technical specifications of the data acquisition and control system and a narrative indicating the data acquisition system capabilities, specific to the project.

# STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

NIST SP 800-82 - 2015, Guide to Industrial Control Systems (ICS) Security

North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) – Critical Infrastructure Protection (CIP) Program

National Institute of Standards and Technology (2012), NIST Framework and Roadmap for Smart Grid Interoperability Standards, Release 2.0

NISTIR 7628 (September 2014), Chapter 3, Guidelines for Smart Grid Cyber Security, vol. 1, Smart Grid Cyber Security Strategy, Architecture, and High-Level Requirements

Microgrid Cyber Security Reference Architecture, Version 1.0, SAND2013-5472 (July 2013)

# **OP Credit: Energy Management System**

Applicability:

- Campuses (1–2 points)
- Transit (1–2 points)

#### INTENT

To encourage the use of energy management systems coordinated with the project's master controller or project operator.

# REQUIREMENTS

#### **Campuses and Transit**

Install and use a building automation system (BAS) or energy management system (EMS) capable of interfacing with the project's communication network and with the project's master controller or user interface for the project's central generation, heating, and cooling plant.

Calculate the percentage of buildings with BAS or EMS using the following formula:

Where:

**%TypeA =** Percentage of buildings with a BAS or EMS capable of controlling interior lighting scheduling and automatic shutoff.

**%TypeB** = Percentage of buildings with a BAS or EMS capable of optimizing heating and cooling system performance with the following minimum capabilities:

- Direct digital control
- Programmability for energy conservation and system optimization (setpoint reset, optimized start/stop, night setback)
- Advanced scheduling (weekends, holidays)

**%TypeC** = Percentage of buildings with a BAS or EMS capable of reducing HVAC and lighting loads in response to remote signals from the project operator, with the following minimum capabilities:

- Notification for alarms and system events
- o Remote real-time monitoring of critical set points related to asset operation

**%TypeD** = Percentage of buildings with a BAS or EMS capable of communicating with and providing data to the project's master controller or central plant operators (not just building operators)

#### Percentage of buildings calculation:

For calculating the percentage of buildings with Type A, Type B, Type C, and Type D - BAS/EMS capabilities, consider only the buildings where cooling loads and/or are supplied from a centralized cooling system or heating system (Chillers, AHU, etc.).

Sum the percentage of each type of building and refer to Table 1 to determine points earned.

Buildings with BAS or EMS (%)	Points
≥ 120	1
240	2

# Table 1. Points for Building Automation and Energy Management Systems

#### **REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION**

- Provide a narrative describing the required capabilities of the BAS or EMS, with specifications and data sheets for key components of the control system.
- Provide a narrative explaining how the components fit into the overall design of the BAS or EMS.

# GS Prerequisite: Customer and Load Survey

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities
- Campuses
- Transit

# INTENT

To assess customers' attitudes about service quality and performance and analyze demand characteristics of project loads.

# REQUIREMENTS

# Cities and Utilities

- Conduct a customer survey at least once every three years, following the guidelines and methodology in the Reference Guide.
- Have in place a process to document customer feedback regarding existing or new programs, policies, and specific services.
- Have in place, as part of a customer engagement plan, programs, and policies to improve service quality, customer awareness, and customers' use of services and participation in programs.

#### **Campuses and Transit**

#### Case 1. Customer Survey

- Conduct an annual customer survey of a representative sample or all customers served by the project.
- Have in place a program to assess qualitative and quantitative characteristics of individual customer or load demand across operational and design parameters.
- Have in place programs to improve customer service quality and overall energy performance of the project and incorporate this as part of future improvement plans.

# OR

# Case 2. Load Survey

- Conduct a survey of project loads with qualitative and quantitative characteristics across operational and design parameters.
- Identify interdependencies between multiple loads and/or processes in terms of operational schedules and input and output parameters.
- Have in place programs to improve project infrastructure and processes to optimize energy performance and incorporate this as part of future improvement plans.

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

# Cities and Utilities

- Provide a narrative describing how the project's survey follows the PEER customer survey framework.
- Provide details of best practices adopted while conducting the survey.
- Provide a survey evaluation report that summarizes responses for all survey questions and also identifies trends and correlations.
- Submit the customer survey template.

# Campuses and Transit

- Submit the load survey template.
- Provide a narrative describing the load survey.

# GS Credit: Customer Engagement

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–3 points)
- Campuses (1–3 points)
- Transit (1–3 points)

# INTENT

To encourage customers to leverage tools and services that improve system operation.

# REQUIREMENTS

# All Projects

# Option 1. Communication and Outreach (1 point)

Identify customers' preferences for the following aspects of communication and outreach:

- Frequency of receiving information
- Different communication media
- Subjects covered by the communication
- Presentation of the information

# AND/OR

# Option 2. Planning and Implementation (1 point)

Prioritize approaches to communication and outreach in terms of awareness, satisfaction, and participation for all customer types and classes. Focus on awareness and increased participation through stakeholder workshops and outreach. Develop comprehensive improvement strategies for at least three existing or planned programs, with the following objectives:

- Improved customer satisfaction
- Customer participation

The strategies should be based on survey results of customer satisfaction and participation and may include strategies such as:

• Awareness and participation through dashboards or apps measuring participation by building or department (campuses).

# AND/OR

# Option 3. Customer Satisfaction (1 point)

Measure satisfaction with program objectives, ease of participation, etc., and advertise successes. Calculate a customer satisfaction index for individual programs, processes, and services using the methodology specified in the PEER Reference Guide and achieve an overall satisfaction score of 3.5 or greater.

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

OPTION 1

• Provide a narrative describing the communication preferences based on the customer survey (see GS Prerequisite: Customer and Load Survey).

# **OPTION 2**

• Provide a narrative describing the improvement strategies that will address any problems revealed by the customer survey (see GS Prerequisite: Customer and Load Survey).

# OPTIONS 2, 3

• Submit the customer satisfaction index for existing or planned programs.

# GS Credit: Load Duration Curve Optimization

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–3 points)
- Campuses (1–4 points)
- Transit (1-4 points)

#### INTENT

To encourage investments that optimize hourly demand loads and reduce both project costs and environmental impacts.

#### REQUIREMENTS

#### All Projects

Calculate the project's annual hourly demand for one year, in kW, for all major loads served, including customer meters and central cooling and heating. Determine the annual load duration as a percentage of peak using the following formula:

Load duration % of peak = 
$$\frac{E_{Consumed} (kWh)}{D_{peak}(kW) \times 8760}$$

Where:

- E<sub>Consumed</sub> = Total annual electricity consumption of project in kWh
- D<sub>peak</sub> = Project peak annual electric demand in kW
- 8,760 = Hours per year

Points are awarded according to Table 1.

Load Duration	Points		
(% of peak)	Cities and Utilities	Campuses and Transit	
≥ 25	1		
40	2	1	
55	3	2	
70		3	
85		4	

#### Table 1. Points for Load Duration Curve Optimization

Projects that achieve a load duration percentage of peak higher than 70% (cities and utilities) or 90% (campuses and transit) earn 1 additional point for exemplary performance under the Innovation credit category.

#### REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

• Provide the project's maximum demand (MW) data for every 15, 30, and 60 minutes for a typical year, with a calculation of the load duration percentage of peak.

# GS Credit: Data Privacy and Cybersecurity

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–2 points)
- Campuses (1 point)
- Transit (1 point)

# INTENT

To build public confidence in grid modernization by protecting customers' private electricity usage data and protecting smart grid technologies from threats.

# REQUIREMENTS

#### All Projects

Develop a comprehensive policy on data privacy and cybersecurity. The policy must identify steps to ensure secure network operation and data integrity under future grid modernization.

#### **OPTION 1. Cybersecurity (1 point)**

Have in place at least six of the following policies and practices to address cybersecurity threats:

- Inventory of secure configuration baselines or images of operating systems, software applications and firmware. Reviews include determining if vendor still supports product.
- Physical access control for all local and remote wired, wireless, and virtual access points, including physical protections and limited access to substations and networked equipment.
- Boundary defenses that limit traffic only to allowed, utilize de-militarized zones (DMZs) and network segmentation, log and inspect traffic to detect (and prevent) intrusions and anomalous activity, and securely mange remote connections.
- Encryption of sensitive information both at rest and when in transit.
- Host-based security through access control lists, network and application white listing, controlled use of elevated privileges, secure configuration (hardening) of devices, disable removable media (optical drives allowed).
- Network audit information and system logs are configured to capture events, detail successful/unsuccessful actions, are monitored and are aggregated to a centralized data collector.
- Role-based access limiting access to least privilege and need to know; account management processes include strong passwords, disabling inactive accounts, individual identifiers, screen locks, account event logging, and strong authentication. Shared/group accounts are used sparingly.
- Secure versions of network protocols are used (e.g., TLS, SSL, HTTPS, SFTP, SSH, IPSEC) and remove or disable unused ports, protocols and services.
- Continuous and automated vulnerability scanning where possible or scheduled, manual checks with mitigation or mitigation plans for all findings.
- Automatic intrusion detection and operator notification.
- Incident response plan including reporting/notification process, roles and responsibilities, and data and system recovery capabilities.

- Firewall, adaptive security appliance, or router security.
- Regular, up-to-date security awareness training for all personnel and cybersecurity plan/procedure training for system operators. Practical exercises that simulate actual cyber-attacks should be included in the security training.

# AND/OR

# OPTION 2. Data Privacy (Cities and Utilities only, 1 point)

Have in place policies and practices that ensure the integrity and confidentiality of data and customer choice in sharing data. Ensure information security at all interfaces, devices, and data operations. Meet at least two of the following measures for data privacy:

- Opt-out data-sharing policy for aggregated data that explicitly protects customer privacy and personally identifiable information.
- Opt-in customer data-sharing agreement for personally identifiable information.
- Separate communication pathways policy for sending data.

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

- For cybersecurity, provide copies of policies, procedures, and programs that address protection of data.
- For data privacy (utilities only), provide a narrative describing policies, procedures, and programs that address customers' right to privacy, including any opt-in data policies and customer data-sharing agreements.

# STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

National Institute of Standards and Technology (2012), NIST Framework and Roadmap for Smart Grid Interoperability Standards, Release 2.0

NISTIR 7628 (September 2014), Chapter 3, Guidelines for Smart Grid Cyber Security, vol. 1, Smart Grid Cyber Security Strategy, Architecture, and High-Level Requirements

Microgrid Cyber Security Reference Architecture, Version 1.0, SAND2013-5472 (July 2013)

Center for Internet Security (CIS) Controls® V6.1

# GS Credit: Access to Energy Usage Data

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–4 points)
- Campuses (1–4 points)

# INTENT

To encourage conservation and investments in home energy systems by giving customers energy usage feedback.

# REQUIREMENTS

# All Projects

Have in place equipment and programs that provide metered users with secure access to demand and usage interval data.

# OPTION 1. Effective Data-Sharing Practices (1-2 points)

Design or subscribe to an online platform that gives users secure access to individual energy usage data that can be downloaded in standard file formats. The platform must have at least the following features and content (1 point):

- User authentication for secure access
- Annual energy usage data for at least three previous years
- Energy usage data by month or a shorter interval
- Energy usage data for the above interval for at least one previous year
- Energy usage data in standardized machine-readable format
- Infographics showing variations in energy consumption and electricity bills over one year
- Infographics showing historical trends in annual energy consumption and electricity bills
- Infographics comparing energy consumption and electricity bills for defined intervals from different years

Adopt at least one of the following advanced functionalities (1 point):

- The platform gives users options to estimate the financial and environmental benefits of energy conservation and high-efficiency electric appliances.
- The platform enables users to authorize third parties to access their energy consumption data directly from the cities or utility web portal. The third parties can access the online platform and also access energy usage data authorized by the user.
- The platform gives users the ability to benchmark their buildings energy performance to similar type buildings in their region (can use building energy use intensity or EUI data).

# AND/OR

# OPTION 2. Energy Usage Feedback Quality (1–2 points)

Improve the energy conservation behavior of customers by providing near-real-time data for micro-level applications. Information on customers' energy consumption is categorized in two levels.

Energy usage feedback, Level 1 (1 point):

- Provide account-level daily energy usage data for residential customers.
- Provide building-level daily energy usage data for commercial and industrial customers.

Energy usage feedback, Level 2 (2 points):

- Provide account-level near-real-time energy usage data to residential customers.
- Provide building-level hourly (or more frequent) energy usage data for commercial and industrial customers.

The strategies for both levels assume that customers have remotely readable meters. For this credit, at least 25% of residential customers and 50% of commercial and industrial customers must have remotely readable meters.

#### REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

- Provide a narrative explaining the design of the energy usage feedback program and, for Option 2, the results.
- Provide a narrative describing the online platform developed for data sharing, with evidence of the features required in Option 1.

# STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

EPRI, Guidelines for Designing Effective Energy Information Feedback Pilots: Research Protocols

American Council for an Energy-Efficiency Economy, Best Practices for Working with Utilities to Improve Access to Energy Usage Data

# GS Credit: Supply Choice

# Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1 point)
- Campuses (1–2 points)
- Transit (1–2 points)

# INTENT

To enable and motivate users to choose and invest in preferred generation sources.

# REQUIREMENTS

# All Projects

Offer supply choice by providing more than one power supplier option to at least 50% of tenants or customers (campuses and transit) or all customer classes (cities and utilities) (1 point).

#### **Campuses and Transit**

Opt in to preferred electric supply offered by the local utility (1 point).

# CASE 1. Supply Choice Available

Participate in a supply choice program and select an option that performs better than the state or regional average for at least one of the following measures:

- Renewables content
- Reliability performance
- Power quality performance

# OR

# CASE 2. Supply Choice Not Available

Discuss participation in future supply choice programs with grid operators. Provide self-generated (onsite) power which is a dispatchable (or firm) resource and shall supply at least 50% of project's energy need.

#### REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

- For Case 1, submit documentation for policies and program resources, the number and percentage of customers with supply choice, and rate plans outlining electricity supply options.
- For Case 1, submit a comparison of suppliers, using renewable content, reliability performance, and power quality performance as the criteria (Table 1). The options must have better metrics than the default power supply.
- For Case 2, submit copies of correspondence, meeting agendas, or meeting notes demonstrating efforts to discuss supply choice options with the grid operator.

Supply choice for (Utility Name)	Renewable content (%)	Reliability index		Power quality	Power quality
		SAIFI	SAIDI	metric 1	metric 2
Power choice A					
Power choice B					
Default power supply					

#### STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

California Energy Commission (2009), California's Power Content Label

Commonwealth Edison Company (2008), Rider LGC Local Government Compliance Adjustment

# GS Credit: Demand-Side Management

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–3 points)
- Campuses (1–3 points)
- Transit (1–5 points)

# INTENT

To achieve permanent reductions in energy demand and consumption through load management and conservation.

# REQUIREMENTS

# OPTION 1. Energy Conservation (Cities and Utilities and Transit, 2 points; Campuses, 1 point)

# Cities and Utilities

Through surveys or otherwise, estimate end-use energy consumption for all customer categories. Estimate the potential for energy conservation through energy efficiency improvement of customers' appliances or processes. Have in place an energy conservation program, at least for residential and agricultural customers, with fixed targets for energy conservation, customer participation, and customer outreach (1 point).

Projects that have implemented at least two energy conservation programs in the past and achieved at least 60% of these programs' targets can earn 1 additional point.

#### Campuses

Based on project's end-use applications, determine the potential for reducing energy consumption by improving energy efficiency of operating loads, and develop a comprehensive program for implementing energy efficiency improvement measures (1 point).

# Transit

Demonstrate that the project has implemented the following energy conservation strategies in non-traction processes and loads (1 point):

- Selection of energy efficient equipment
- Adoption of operational practices to optimize energy consumption

Demonstrate that the project has implemented the following operational practices for energy conservation in traction loads (1 point):

- Automatic controls for reducing energy consumption inside the rolling stock
- Use of low energy consuming driving techniques

# AND/OR

# OPTION 2. Load Management (Cities and Utilities, 1 point; Campuses, 2 points; Transit, 3 points)

# **Cities and Utilities**

Have in place infrastructure and programs that provide access to dynamic pricing for metered users to motivate load shifting (1 point).

Rate structures must be clearly defined, communicated to metered users in a standard format, and easily accessible. The tariff scheme must offer real-time pricing or time-of-use pricing with at least two time blocks and two tiers for all customers.

# Campuses

Have in place metering infrastructure that can support implementation of pricing schemes offered by the city or utility, and participate in a dynamic tariff scheme, in the following order of priority (1 point):

- Real-time pricing scheme
- Time-of-use pricing with two or more time blocks or as applicable to the project.

Implement load management programs to reduce peak demand on a permanent basis, using either of the following strategies (1 point):

- Energy storage systems
- Shifting of processes or loads from peak period to off-peak period

#### Transit

Have in place metering infrastructure that can support implementation of pricing schemes offered by the city or utility. Participate in one of the dynamic tariff schemes offered by the city or utility in following order of priority (1 point):

- Real-time pricing scheme
- Time of use pricing with two or more time blocks or as applicable to the project

Using load survey, identify processes that can be shifted to off-peak periods. Implement a peak reduction program for project's non-traction load (1point).

Implement a scheduling program for transit operations based on hourly, daily and / or seasonal variations in commuter demand (1point).

# REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

# Cities and Utilities

# OPTION 1

• Provide a narrative or report about energy conservation programs implemented or planned, with the target for each type of customer (e.g., commercial, residential, healthcare).

# **OPTION 2**

• Provide a narrative describing dynamic pricing programs available to customers. Include the terms for each customer class.

# Campuses

# OPTION 1

• Provide a narrative or report about energy conservation programs implemented or planned, with the target for each consumer category (e.g., commercial, residential, healthcare).

# **OPTION 2**

- Submit billing statements showing rate details as proof of participation in dynamic pricing program. If the rate is subject to seasonal changes, provide at least one billing statement for each period.
- Provide a narrative describing the load management programs implemented by the project to reduce peak demand.

# Transit

# OPTION 1

- Provide a narrative describing the operational practices implemented for energy conservation.
- Provide a narrative detailing the process of selecting energy-efficient equipment, and submit technical data sheets.

# **OPTION 2**

- Submit billing statements showing rate details as proof of participation in a dynamic pricing program. If the rate is subject to seasonal changes, provide at least one billing statement for each period.
- Provide a narrative and rate plan describing the scheduling program for transit operations based on variations in commuter demand.

# GS Credit: Demand Response

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–2 points)
- Campuses (1–2 points)
- Transit (1–2 points)

# INTENT

To promote demand-response (DR) strategies that improve performance and reliability.

# REQUIREMENTS

# Cities and Utilities

Have in place tariff options that support short-term reductions in peak demand, using the following tariff structures for customer categories, including residential, commercial, and industrial (1 point):

- Critical peak pricing
- Critical peak rebate

Have in place a DR program for at least 50% of customers across commercial, and industrial categories (1 point).

By having feed-in tariff options for at least one of the following innovative strategies, projects can earn 1 additional point for exemplary performance under the Innovation credit category:

- Grid-responsive or grid-interactive programs
- Vehicle to grid (V2G)

# Campuses and Transit

# CASE 1. Demand-Response Program Available (1-2 points)

Participate in an existing DR program and complete the following sequential steps:

- **Step 1.** Have in place a system with the capability for real-time, fully automated DR based on external initiation by a DR program provider. The program may be semi-automated.
- Step 2. Achieve Step 1 and make a minimum one-year DR contractual commitment with a qualified DR program provider, with the intention of multiyear renewal, for at least 10% of the annual peak electricity demand (1 point).
- **Step 3.** Achieve Steps 1 and 2 and develop a comprehensive plan for meeting the contractual commitment during a demand response event.
- **Step 4.** Achieve Steps 1–3 and include the DR processes in the current facilities requirements and operations and maintenance plan and initiate at least one full test of the DR plan (1 point).

OR

# CASE 2. Demand-Response Program Not Available (1-2 points)

Have in place infrastructure to take advantage of a future DR program or dynamic, real-time pricing program.

- **Step 1.** Develop a comprehensive plan for shedding at least 10% of the annual peak electricity demand.
- **Step 2.** Achieve Step 1 and include the DR processes in the current facilities requirements and operations and maintenance plan (1 point).
- Step 3. Achieve Steps 1 and 2 and conduct at least one full test of the DR plan.
- **Step 4.** Achieve Steps 1–3 and discuss participation in future DR programs with local city or utility representatives (1 point).

Projects that adopt at least one of the following innovative strategies earn 1 additional point for exemplary performance under the Innovation credit category:

- Participate in grid-responsive or grid-interactive program with the local or adjacent power grid or microgrid.
- Offer grid-responsive or grid-interactive services to customers on the power grid.
- Install bi-directional electric vehicle (V2X) charging.
- Participate in a "Buildings as Thermal Batteries" program.

### **REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION**

#### **Cities and Utilities**

- Submit copies of policies, programs, and tariff structures for different consumer categories.
- Provide the percentage of customers eligible for the demand-response program and describe or explain how these values were determined.

#### Campuses and Transit

- Submit a copy of the project's proof of enrollment in a DR program, with at least a one-year commitment to the DR program.
- Provide the percentage of peak demand to be curtailed during the DR program, with a detailed load list and a narrative describing the selection of loads to be curtailed by the DR program (Table 2).

TABLE 2. Template for compliance with demand-response requirements			
Demand-response capability	Rated demand reduction, MW	Process for use	Reference
Capability 1			
Capability 2			
Capability x			
Total demand reduction			
Annual peak demand, MW			

• Describe the system, giving the capabilities for receiving and acting on the external signal.

- Submit a copy of a comprehensive plan for curtailing loads during DR events.
- Submit a copy of the operations and maintenance report that includes the DR program.
- If no DR program is available, submit correspondence, meeting agendas, or meeting notes demonstrating efforts to discuss demand response with grid operator.

## GS Credit: Streamlined Interconnection and Net Metering Policies

Applicability:

• Cities and Utilities (1–4 points)

#### INTENT

To encourage users' adoption of local electricity generation and storage that is interconnected and leveraged by the electricity system.

### REQUIREMENTS

#### Cities and Utilities

Have in place an interconnection and net metering policy that meets following minimum conditions for the generation system's type and size (1 point):

- Applicability to all renewable generation and energy storage technologies
- System capacity of 100 kW or more

Incorporate the following best practices for interconnection policies (1 point):

- Provisions for a fast-track, low-cost interconnection process for customers with generation capacity of 100 kW or less
- Defined timelines and an engineering fee structure for various stages of the process
- Identification of technical standards for interconnection of generation systems

Incorporate at least three of the following best practices for net metering policies (1 point):

- Monthly rollover of excess energy is permitted up to one year
- Compensation is provided for excess energy at predefined, nonzero rates
- Ownership of renewable energy certificates is offered to the customer
- Third-party ownership and meter aggregation are permitted

Publish the following (1 point):

- Average time for process completion
- Average cost of application
- Prior case studies

- Provide copies of rules, policies, and program requirements covering fees, process timelines, and applicability for the interconnection standards.
- Provide copies of policies, practices, programs, and compensation rates for net metering.

## STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers 1547-2003, Standard for Interconnecting Distributed Resources with Electric Power Systems

EPA Energy and Environment Guide to Action: State Policies and Best Practices for Advancing Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy, and Combined Heat and Power

California Public Utilities Commission Electric Rule No. 21 for Generating Facility Interconnections

# GS Credit: Other Tools and Financial Incentives

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1 point)
- Campuses (1 point)

#### INTENT

To encourage users to invest in energy use reduction and electricity system improvements and to promote third-party tools and services.

#### REQUIREMENTS

#### Cities and Utilities

#### OPTION 1. Third-Party Tools and Services (1 point)

Have in place equipment and programs that provide a wide array of third-party tools and service choices for all types of users. Customers must be allowed to choose among at least three providers, manufacturers, or suppliers for two or more of the following technologies:

- Advanced thermostats that can communicate directly with advanced meters
- Building energy management systems
- Electricity or chilled water storage
- Grid integrated controllable water heater and appliances

#### OR

#### OPTION 2. Market and Financial Incentives (1 point)

Have in place financial incentives for demand-side investments for any one of the applicable customer classes, including residential, commercial, small industrial, and large industrial, by providing financing that meets the following criteria:

- Interest rate less than the market prime rate or base points
- Term greater than five years
- Application process that can be completed in four weeks or less
- Applicability to more than one generation technology

#### Campuses

Offer tenants an energy clause, green lease, or other contractual language addressing energy-efficient build-outs, payment structures for energy efficiency upgrades, cost recovery or pass through for energy related capital costs, and/or utility data sharing (1 point).

- Provide a narrative describing the third-party tools and technical and system capabilities. Include data sheets and specifications.
- Submit copies of policies, programs, and rate plans for financial incentives.

• For campuses, submit examples of the contractual language for energy-efficient build-outs, payment structures for energy efficiency upgrades, cost recovery or pass through for energy related capital costs, and/or utility data sharing.

## GS Credit: Aggregation

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1 point)
- Campuses (1 point)
- Transit (1 point)

## INTENT

To enable customers to aggregate their loads, lower costs, improve efficiency, promote local clean energy, and generate jobs.

## REQUIREMENTS

#### Cities and Utilities

Have in place policies and/or programs for meter aggregation, physical or virtual, that allow groups of customers or buildings to collectively procure electricity or provide ancillary services back to the grid as a single entity (1 point).

### Campuses and Transit

Participate in meter aggregation with at least one other building or aggregate at least two buildings (1 point).

- Submit copies of policies, programs, and rate plans outlining the aggregation processes or policies.
- Provide the percentage of customers covered by aggregation options, with a narrative explaining how these values were determined.

# GS Credit: Advanced External Interface

Applicability:

- Campuses (1–2 points)
- Transit (1–2 points)

### INTENT

To encourage use of automated technologies that coordinate loads and generation services to meet the needs of the larger grid.

## REQUIREMENTS

### **Campuses and Transit**

## OPTION 1. Information Exchange System (1–2 points)

Install and use a remote signal or information exchange that allows the project's master controller (or other supervisory software program) to automatically receive service request signals from the project's supplying city or utility, ISO, regional transmission operator, or regional electricity aggregator.

Design the interface for information exchange with the following basic functions (1 point):

- It can receive a remote dispatch signal or demand response signal.
- Signals are transmitted securely either via a dedicated phone line or using established cyber security protocols.

Design the interface for information exchange to have the following advanced functions in addition to the basic functions (1 point):

- It can determine and report the project's remaining generation capacity or load shedding capability or stored energy charge state.
- It supports two-way communication between the project and the coordinating authority.
- The controller can opt out of events.
- It can bid or propose load reduction or generation to the coordinating authority.
- It can receive load control or generator dispatch signals.
- It supports information exchange regarding both supply pricing and demand charges.

#### OR

## OPTION 2. Open ADR Compliance (1-2 points)

Install and use a remote signal or information exchange that allows the project's master controller (or other supervisory software program) to automatically receive service request signals from the project's supplying city or utility, ISO, regional transmission operator, or regional electricity aggregator.

Demonstrate compliance with either of the following:

- OpenADR 2.0 Profile A (1 point)
- OpenADR 2.0 Profile B or Profile C (2 points)

## REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

#### Campuses and Transit

- Provide a narrative describing the capabilities of interface modules (OpenADR 2.0 certified or noncertified) connected to the master controller or supervisory software program for information or data exchange. Include specification sheets.
- Submit a certificate and data sheets for the Interface module OpenADR 2.0 (Profile A, Profile B, or Profile C).

#### STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

OASIS Energy Interoperation Version 1.0

# **Regional Priority**

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–4 points)
- Campuses (1-4 points)
- Transit (1–4 points)

## INTENT

To address geographically specific environmental, energy security, safety, social equity, and public health priorities.

## REQUIREMENTS

Select up to four of the six Regional Priority credits (listed below) and meet or exceed the threshold (1 point each).

Projects cannot double-count points under both Regional Priority and Innovation for the same credit. For example, for U.S. projects, Damage and Exposure Prevention is both a Regional Priority credit and an Innovation credit, but meeting the threshold earns the project only 1 point, not 2.

# **Regional Priorities for India**

The following six credits have been identified by GBCI India's PEER Advisory Committee and stakeholders as having regional energy and environmental importance. Projects may select up to four, for a maximum of 4 RP points.

- RR Credit: Reliability Performance Assessment. Achieve 4 or more points (1 point).
- RR Credit: Power Quality Capabilities. Achieve 3 or more points (1 point).
- EE Credit: Environmental Performance Improvement. Achieve 5 or more points (1 point)
- EE Credit: Renewable energy and Carbon Offset. Achieve 2 or more points (1 point).
- EE Credit: Distributed Energy Resource. Achieve 3 or more points (1 point). For transit projects, achieve 5 or more points (1 point).
- OP Credit: Advanced Metering Infrastructure. Achieve 2 or 3 points (1 point).

# Regional Priorities for the United States

The following six credits have been identified by USGBC and GBCI, in consultation with PEER stakeholders in the United States, as regional priorities for addressing challenges in energy, the environment, and climate change. Projects may select up to four, for a maximum of 4 RP points.

- RR Credit: Damage and Exposure Prevention. Achieve 4 or more points (1 point).
- RR Credit: Distribution Redundancy and Auto Restoration. Achieve 2 points (1 point).
- EE Credit: Environmental Performance Improvement. Achieve 6 or more points (1 point).
- OP Credit: Risk Assessment and Mitigation. Achieve 3 or 4 points (1 point).
- OP Credit: Emergency Response Planning. Achieve 2 or 3 points (1 point).
- GS Credit: Demand Response. Achieve 2 points (1 point).

#### REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

No additional documentation is required to earn Regional Priority credits. Document compliance for the selected credits, and the related RP bonus points for their achievement will be awarded automatically.

# **IN Credit - Innovation**

## Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1–5 points)
- Campuses (1–5 points)
- Transit (1–5 points)

## INTENT

To encourage projects to achieve exceptional or innovative performance.

## REQUIREMENTS

Project teams can use any combination of innovation and exemplary performance strategies.

## OPTION 1. Innovation (1-2 points)

Achieve significant, measurable energy and environmental performance using a strategy not addressed in the PEER rating system.

Identify the following:

- Intent of the proposed innovation credit
- Proposed requirements for compliance
- Proposed submittals to demonstrate compliance
- Approaches or strategies to meet the requirements

#### OR

## PEER Pilot Credits (1-2 points)

Achieve any one of the PEER Pilot Credits listed below:

- PEER Pilot Credit 1 Safety First: Electrical System Operations, Management and Safety (Cities and Utilities and Campuses Only)
- PEER Pilot Credit 2 Safety First: Transit Electrical System Operations, Management and Safety (Transits Only)
- PEER Pilot Credit 3 Safety First: Accelerate Digital Transformation (Cities and Utilities and Campuses Only)

## AND/OR

#### OPTION 2. Exemplary Performance (1-3 points)

Achieve exemplary performance—typically, achieving double the credit requirements (1 point) or the next incremental percentage threshold (1 point per threshold, up to a maximum of 3).

Projects may attempt Innovation points for the following credits:

RR Credit: Reliability Performance Assessment

RR Credit: Damage and Exposure Prevention

- EE Credit: System Energy Efficiency Coefficient Improvement
- EE Credit: Environmental Impact Disclosure and Management

- OP Credit: Risk Assessment and Mitigation
- OP Credit: Advanced Metering Infrastructure
- GS Credit: Load Duration Curve Optimization
- GS Credit: Demand Response

- Submit documentation of the innovation that explains the process or capability and provides verifiable evidence of the performance.
- No additional documentation is required for exemplary performance. Document compliance for the selected credits, and the related exemplary performance innovation points for their achievement will be awarded automatically.

## **IN Credit - PEER Education**

Applicability:

- Cities and Utilities (1 point)
- Campuses (1 point)
- Transit (1 point)

### INTENT

To give project team members and consultants a fundamental understanding of the PEER rating system and smart grid concepts.

#### REQUIREMENTS

At least one member of the project team or a project consultant must achieve the PEER Pro Badge or must participate in a PEER workshop given by GBCI and/or complete a certification program or course in smart grid technology accredited by an international organization (1 point).

### REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

Provide a copy of PEER workshop participation certificate or equivalent.

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